UBS Saudi Arabia(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2015



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AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF UBS SAUDI ARABIA (A SAUDI CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

Scope of audit

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of UBS Saudi Arabia, a Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (the "Company") as of 31 December 2015 and the related statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management and have been prepared by them in accordance with the provisions of Article 123 of the Regulations for Companies and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable degree of assurance to enable us to express an opinion on the financial statements.

Unqualified opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements taken as a whole:

- i) present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- ii) comply with the requirements of the Regulations for Companies and the Company's by-laws in so far as they affect the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

for Ernst & Young

Waleed G. Tawfiq Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 437

Riyadh: 14 Jumad Al-Thani 1437H

(23 March 2016)

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 SR	2014 SR
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Bank balances and cash Due from related parties, prepayments and others Deferred tax asset	3 4 8(c)	88,667,187 4,565,908 547,138	86,377,861 4,743,859 368,464
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		93,780,233	91,490,184
NON-CURRENT ASSET Property and equipment TOTAL ASSETS	5	4,601,512	5,967,361 ————————————————————————————————————
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued expenses and other liabilities Income tax payable TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	7 8	1,322,336 450,187 1,772,523	1,369,947 416,878
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Employees' terminal benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,007,660 2,780,183	2,608,129
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY Share capital Accumulated losses	9	110,000,000 (14,398,438)	110,000,000 (15,150,584)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		95,601,562	94,849,416
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		98,381,745	97,457,545

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 SR	2014 SR
REVENUE Service and other fees Special commission income	6	13,075,150 488,681	13,192,252 474,795
		13,563,831	13,667,047
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	10	(12,860,135)	(13,514,444)
INCOME FROM MAIN OPERATIONS		703,696	152,603
Rent income		851,565	851,565
INCOME BEFORE TAX		1,555,261	1,004,168
Income tax charge for the year	8	(803,115)	(32,629)
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		752,146	971,539
EARNINGS PER SHARE Attributable to income from main operations	11	0.06	0.01
Attributable to net income for the year	11	0.07	0.09

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 SR	2014 SR
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before tax		1,555,261	1,004,168
Adjustments for:	<i>-</i>	1 451 000	1 450 252
Depreciation	5	1,471,889	1,459,353
Provision for employees' terminal benefits		186,356	498,828
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		3,213,506	2,962,349
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Due from related parties, prepayments and others		177,951	(52,351)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(47,611)	(68,310)
Cash from operations		3,343,846	2,841,688
Income tax paid	8	(948,480)	(546,039)
Net cash from operating activities		2,395,366	2,295,649
INVESTING ACTIVITY			
Purchase of property and equipment	5	(106,040)	(81,874)
Net cash used in investing activity		(106,040)	(81,874)
INCREASE IN BANK BALANCES AND CASH		2,289,326	2,213,775
Bank balances and cash at beginning of the year	3	86,377,861	84,164,086
BANK BALANCES AND CASH AT END OF THE YEAR	3	88,667,187	86,377,861

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2015

	Share capital SR	Accumulated losses SR	Total SR
Balance at 31 December 2013	110,000,000	(16,122,123)	93,877,877
Net income for the year	-	971,539	971,539
Balance at 31 December 2014	110,000,000	(15,150,584)	94,849,416
Net income for the year	-	752,146	752,146
Balance at 31 December 2015	110,000,000	(14,398,438)	95,601,562

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2015

1 ACTIVITIES

UBS Saudi Arabia, (the "Company") is a Saudi closed joint stock company registered with the Capital Market Authority ("CMA") under license number 08113-37 dated 4 Rajab 1429H (corresponding to 7 July 2008). It operates in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 1010257812 dated 6 Dhul Qada 1429H (corresponding to 4 November 2008). The Company is licensed to act as principal, agent and to provide brokerage, underwriting, management, advisory and custodial services.

The Company is owned 99.96% by UBS Saudi Arabia Holding Limited, 0.01% by S.G. Securities U.K. Limited, 0.01% by S.G. Warburg and Company Limited, 0.01% by UBS A.G. and 0.01% by UBS U.K. Holding Limited.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The significant accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Although these estimates and judgments are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Bank balances and cash

For the purposes of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of term deposits with an original maturity of ninety days or less, bank balances and cash in hand.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised in the statement of income as set out below:

Service and arranging fee income

Service and arranging fee income are recognised when the related services are performed.

Special commission income

Special commission income is accrued on an effective yield basis.

Brokerage income

Income from transaction-type services such as brokerage services for which customers are billed on completion of the deal are recognised when the deal has been executed.

Asset management fees

Fees charged for managing assets (including mutual funds) are recognised as revenue rateably as the services are provided. Subscription fees are recognised upon subscription of the investor to the Fund. Fund performance income is recognised at the year end, if the fund results meet the annual pre-set target.

Advisory and other income

Advisory service fees are accrued on a time proportionate basis, as the services are rendered.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The cost less estimated residual value of property and equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount, being the higher of their fair value less costs to sell and their value in use.

Any additions below the threshold set by the Company and expenditure for repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of income.

Leases

Finance leases are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to income. Assets subject to finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at original invoice amount less allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate of doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably.

Employees' terminal benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable related to the accumulated periods of service at the balance sheet date in accordance with the employees' contracts of employment.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Riyals at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the statement of income.

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax

Income tax is provided for in accordance with Saudi Arabian fiscal regulations. The provision is charged to the income statement.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognised for all temporary differences at current rates of taxation. The carrying amount of any deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available in the near future to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. The deferred tax is charged to the statement of income.

Expenses

All expenses are classified as general and administration expenses.

Statutory reserve

As required by the Saudi Arabian Regulations for Companies, 10% of the net income for the year (after deducting losses brought forward) is required to be transferred to a statutory reserve. The Company may resolve to discontinue such transfers when the reserve totals 50% of the capital. The reserve is not available for distribution. In view of the accumulated losses, no such transfer has been made.

3 BANK BALANCES AND CASH

J DANK DINDANCED IN D CHOIC	2015 SR	2014 SR
Time deposit — local currency	80,000,000	-
Cash at bank - local currency	7,906,598	85,209,082
- foreign currency	748,878	1,155,721
Cash in hand	11,711	13,058
	88,667,187	86,377,861

Time deposit and bank balances are with a counterparty that has an investment grade credit rating. Investment grade refers to the quality of the counterparty's credit. In order to be considered investment grade, the counterparty must be rated at 'BBB' or higher by Standard and Poor's or Moody's.

4 DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHERS

	2015	2014
	SR	SR
Due from related parties (note 6)	3,266,142	3,452,636
Prepaid expenses	1,272,871	1,279,040
Other receivables	26,895	12,183
	4,565,908	4,743,859

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5 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The cost of property and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold improvements

10 years or the lease period, whichever is less

Furniture and fixtures

10 years

Office equipment

3 to 4 years

	Leasehold improvements SR	Furniture and fixtures SR	Office equipment SR	Total 2015 SR	Total 2014 SR
Cost:					
At beginning of the year	12,539,733	1,886,101	934,933	15,360,767	15,544,005
Additions	-	16,100	89,940	106,040	81,874
Reversals (see note below)	-	-	-	-	(265,112)
At end of the year	12,539,733	1,902,201	1,024,873	15,466,807	15,360,767
Depreciation:					
At beginning of the year	7,340,571	1,117,902	934,933	9,393,406	7,934,053
Charge for the year	1,191,917	190,032	89,940	1,471,889	1,459,353
At end of the year	8,532,488	1,307,934	1,024,873	10,865,295	9,393,406
Net book value:					
At 31 December 2015	4,007,245	594,267	-	4,601,512	
At 31 December 2014	5,199,162	768,199			5,967,361

During the previous year, the Company had reversed office reinstatement provision of SR 265,112 after obtaining a waiver for dismantling the existing office layout from the landlord.

6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following are the details of major related party transactions during the year:

-		Amount of transactions	
		2015	2014
Related parties	Nature of transactions	SR	SR
Sha <u>reholder</u>			
UBS AG - Switzerland	Service fees charged by the Company (a)	9,500,813	9,313,303
	Reimbursement of expenses by the Company	(474,008)	(483,904)
<u>Affiliate</u>			
UBS AG - London Branch	Service fees charged by the Company (a)	3,574,337	3,878,949
	Reimbursement of expenses by the Company	(17,095)	(110,661)
UBS AG - Stamford Branch	Maintenance expenses (IT services)	348,386	375,226

a) The Company has signed service agreements to reflect any value add arising from the local activities for the booking centre UBS AG - Switzerland and its London branch. The service fee is charged on the basis of a mark-up on expenses (excluding income tax) incurred by the Company.

Service and arranging fee income are recognised when the related services are performed and are accounted for on accrual basis. Commission income for Corporate Client Solutions (CCS) and Wealth Management (WM) represents higher of amount allocated by the booking entities through Global Transfer Pricing Model or reimbursement of costs incurred with a mark up and for Asset Management (AM) on cost plus model.

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6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

b) UBS AG - Switzerland is the custodian of the Company's client assets and money amounting to SR 204.78 million (2014: SR 137.85 million) as at balance sheet date. Control functions including reconciliation controls are performed by the custodian.

Amounts due from / to related parties are shown in notes 4 and 7 respectively.

7	ACCRUED	EXPENSES A	ND OTHER	LIABILITIES
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	2015 SR	2014 SR
Accrued expenses Deferred rent income	801,516 330,560	922,274 330,560
Due to related parties Other liabilities	120,748 69,512	63,397 53,716
	1,322,336	1,369,947
8 INCOME TAX		
a) Charge for the year Income tax charge consists of:		
meome tax charge consists of.	2015 SR	2014 SR
Current year provision Prior year adjustment (see note (8d))	450,187 531,602	416,878
Provided during the year Deformed to year directments for the year (see note (%))	981,789 (178,674)	416,878 (384,249)
Deferred tax adjustments for the year (see note (8c)) Income tax charge for the year	803,115	32,629

The current year provision is based on 20% of the adjusted taxable profit. Differences between the financial and taxable profit are mainly due to provisions and certain expenses, which are disallowed for tax purposes.

b) Movements in provision during the year

o, intovenients in provision uning the year	2015 SR	2014 SR
At beginning of the year	416,878	546,039
Provided during the year	981,789	416,878
Payments made during the year	(948,480)	(546,039)
At end of the year	450,187	416,878

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8 INCOME TAX (continued)

c) Deferred tax

The Company has recognised deferred tax asset amounting to SR 547,138 (2014: deferred tax asset of SR 368,464) as at the balance sheet date, in respect of timing differences due to disallowance of employee's terminal benefits, difference in basis of depreciation, and tax losses carried forward calculated at effective income tax rate of 20%.

d) Status of assessment

The Company has filed its income tax returns with the Department of Zakat and Income Tax ("DZIT") for all the years ended up to 31 December 2014. Assessments have been raised by the DZIT for the period ended 31 December 2009 upto the year ended 31 December 2014, whereby the Company has been assessed and has paid an additional income tax of SR 531,602 (2014: Nil). Tax assessments have not been filed by DZIT for the year ended 31 December 2015.

9 CAPITAL

The Company's authorised, issued and fully paid up share capital is 11,000,000 shares (2014: 11,000,000 shares) of SR10 each.

10 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2015 SR	2014 SR
Employee related cost	6,784,387	7,544,170
Rent	1,962,918	1,962,918
Depreciation (note 5)	1,471,889	1,459,353
Professional and consulting fee	711,105	494,098
Maintenance expenses (note 6)	580,100	637,087
Travelling and conveyance	264,405	225,336
Contract staff cost	240,044	236,890
License fees	235,333	226,720
Phone and carrier	175,892	172,752
Insurance premium	145,974	151,012
Others	288,088	404,108
	12,860,135	13,514,444

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the year have been calculated by dividing the attributable income for the year by 11 million shares (2014: 11 million shares) outstanding at year end.

12 RISK MANAGEMENT

Special commission rate risk

Special commission rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market special commission rates. The Company is not subject to significant special commission rate risk as all financial assets and liabilities are non-commission bearing.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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12 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation and will cause the other party to incur a financial loss. It is management's assessment that the Company is not subject to credit risk since most of its receivables are from related parties.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring that sufficient cash and cash equivalents are available to meet liabilities as they arise.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is subject to fluctuations on its foreign currency bank balances denominated in Swiss Francs. Apart from that, the Company did not undertake significant transactions in currencies other than Saudi Riyals or US Dollars during the year.

13 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. The Company's financial assets consist of bank balance and receivables. Its financial liability consists of accrued expenses and other liabilities. The fair values of financial instruments are not materially different from their carrying values at the balance sheet date.

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14 CAPITAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The capital base, minimum capital requirement and capital adequacy ratio of the Company as per the CMA's Prudential Rules are as follows:

	2015	2014
	SR	SR
Capital Base:		
Tier 1 Capital	95,054,424	94,480,952
Total Capital Base	95,054,424	94,480,952
Minimum Capital Requirement:		
Market Risk	97,516	176,157
Credit Risk	8,992,196	11,456,953
Operational Risk	3,415,813	3,386,768
Total minimum capital required (see note (d) below)	12,505,524	15,019,878
Capital Adequacy Ratio:		
Total Capital Ratio (times)	7.60	6.29
Tier 1 Capital Ratio (times)	7.60	6.29
Surplus / (deficit) in the capital (see note (d) below)	82,548,900	79,461,074

- a) The capital base consists of Tier 1 capital (which includes share capital and audited retained earnings). The company does not have Tier 2 capital as defined in article 4 and 5 of the Prudential Rules. The minimum capital requirements for market, credit and operational risk are calculated as per the requirements specified in part 3 of the Prudential Rules.
- b) The Company manages its capital base in light of Pillar I and Pillar II of the Prudential Rules the capital base should not be less than the minimum capital requirement.
- c) The Company's business objectives when managing capital adequacy is to comply with the capital requirements set forth by the CMA to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and to maintain a strong capital base.
- d) The minimum capital required as per Article 6(g) of the Authorised Persons regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in respect of the licensed activities of the Company is SR 50 million.
- e) The Company discloses on annual basis certain information as per Pillar III of the Prudential Rules for public on the Company's website (http://www.ubs.com/sa/). However these are not subject to review or audit by the external auditors of the Company.
- f) The prior year numbers are restated due to operating lease commitments.
- g) Interest rate risk is not calculated on time deposits, as it is not considered as part of the trading book.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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15 FIDUCIARY ACCOUNT

The Company holds the following balances in a fiduciary capacity. These are not treated as assets of the Company and accordingly are not included in these financial statements.

2015 SR 2014 SR

Assets under management

204,783,497

137,852,425

UBS AG - Switzerland is the custodian of the Company's client assets.

16 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company effectively operates in only one segment. Accordingly, segmental information is not deemed relevant.

17 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCES

Lease commitments

The rental commitments in respect of office premises as at 31 December 2015 amounted to SAR 3,925,836 (31 December 2014: SR 5,888,754).

18 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors has approved the financial statements on 14 Jumad Al-Thani 1437H (corresponding to 23 March 2016).